## Calculation of Air Consumption

To convert depth to atmospheres:
Depth / atm's +1 atm $=$ ATA's
Example:
$66 \mathrm{ft} . / 33=2 \mathrm{~atm}$ 's (gauge) $(+$ ) 1(air) $=3$ ATA's
To calculate your Depth Consumption Rate:
PSI used $/$ Time $=\underline{\text { Depth }} \underline{\text { Consumption }} \underline{\text { Rate }}(\mathrm{DCR})$
Example:
$225 \mathrm{psi} / 3 \mathrm{~min} .=75 \mathrm{psi} / \mathrm{min}(\mathrm{DCR})$
To calculate Surface Air Consumption rate:
DCR / atm's = S Surface $\underline{\text { Air }} \underline{\text { Consumption rate. }}$ (SCR) Example:
$75 \mathrm{psi} / 3 \mathrm{~atm}=25 \mathrm{psi} / \mathrm{min}(\mathrm{SAC})$
To Calculate air use for a future dive:
Sac Rate (X) ATA's = DCR then
Pressure available / DCR = Est. bottom time.
Example:
$25 \mathrm{psi} / \mathrm{min}(\mathrm{SAC}) \times 3 \mathrm{ATA} \mathrm{s}=75 \mathrm{psi} / \mathrm{min} .(\mathrm{DCR})$
$3000 \mathrm{psi} / 75 \mathrm{psi}=40 \mathrm{~min}$. Bottom time estimated.
*There are many variables, which could and probably will effect the accuracy of this estimate.
ALWAYS CHECK YOUR PRESSURE GAUGE!

## Calculating Atmospheres from depth:

What is the number of atmospheres absolute (ATA's) if a diver is in 132 ft . of water. $\qquad$

What number of ATA's is 80 ft .? $\qquad$

What number ATA's is if a diver is in 29 ft .? $\qquad$

## Calculating DCR

A diver is in 66 ft of water and used 1800 psi in 20minutes. What is his DCR? $\qquad$

A diver is in 132 ft . of water and uses 2400 psi in 12 minutes. What is his DCR? $\qquad$

A diver is in 80 ft . of water \& uses 1600 psi of air in 15 minutes. What is her DCR? $\qquad$

## Air Consumption Problems

What is SAC rate for a diver who uses 2400 psi of air at 99 ft , in 20 min .? $\qquad$

What is the SAC rate for a diver who uses 1200 psi in 10 minutes at 132 ft .? $\qquad$

What is the SAC rate for a diver who uses 800 psi in 40 psi at 33 ft .?

## Dive Table Review Questions

1. State the maximum rate of ascent according to NAUI dive tables. $\qquad$
2. List the minimum amount of time needed between dives. $\qquad$
3. NAUI recommends how long minimum between dives? $\qquad$
4. Describe the order dives should be made according to depth. $\qquad$
5. State the minimum depth used when planning for dive at 20 ft . $\qquad$

List the Letter Group for the following dive profiles:

1. You do a dive to 60 feet for 42 minutes. $\qquad$
2. You do a dive to 40 feet for 88 minutes. $\qquad$
3. You do a dive to 120 feet for 9 minutes. $\qquad$

List the new Letter Group for the following Surface Interval Times:

1. You have a letter group of $I$ and your SIT is 2 hours and 36 minutes $\qquad$
2. You have a letter group of C and your SIT is 3 hours. $\qquad$
3.You have a letter group of G and your SIT is 42 minutes. $\qquad$
3. If you have a beginning Letter Group of $D$ and you want to dive to 60 feet, your AMDT is minutes.
4. If you have a new letter group of $B$ and you want to dive to 90 feet, your AMDT is $\qquad$ minutes.
5. If you have a beginning letter group of G , you can dive to 80 feet for $\qquad$ minutes.
6. If you have a beginning Letter Group of E and you dive to 57 feet, your RNT is $\qquad$ minutes.
7. If you have a beginning Letter Group of $G$ and you dive to 37 feet, your RNT is $\qquad$ minutes.
8. If you have a beginning Letter Group of C and you dive to 67 feet for 22 minutes, your TNT is minutes.
9. If you have a beginning Letter Group of D and you dive to 54 feet for 18 minutes, your TNT is
$\qquad$ minutes.

